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**ONLINE VIDEO OF INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL  
TRIBUNAL PROSECUTORS' CONFERENCE**

WASHINGTON, DC – The American Society of International Law (ASIL), in cooperation with the Chautauqua Institution, The Robert H. Jackson Center, Washington University's Whitney R. Harris Institute for Global Legal Studies, and Syracuse University College of Law, recently cosponsored a conference for current and past prosecutors of international criminal tribunals. Highlights of the event, entitled *The International Humanitarian Law Dialogs*, are now viewable online via FORA.tv at <http://fora.tv/searchresults.php?keywordsearch=asil&page=1>.

Discussants in the day-long event and signers of the resulting Chautauqua Declaration ([www.asil.org/chaudec](http://www.asil.org/chaudec)) were two of the three remaining prosecutors of the historic International Military Tribunal at Nuremberg: **Henry King** and **Whitney Harris**. Other participants were **Luis Moreno-Ocampo** (Prosecutor, International Criminal Court), **Stephen Rapp** (Chief Prosecutor, Special Court for Sierra Leone [SCSL]), **Hassan Jallow** (Prosecutor, International Criminal Tribunal for Rwanda), **Robert Petit** (Co-Prosecutor, Extraordinary Chambers in the Courts of Cambodia), **David Tolbert** (Deputy Prosecutor, International Criminal Tribunal for the Former Yugoslavia), **David Crane** (former Chief Prosecutor, SCSL), and **Sir Desmond DeSilva** (former Chief Prosecutor, SCSL).

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The *International Humanitarian Law Dialogs* marked the 100<sup>th</sup> anniversary of The Hague Rules of 1907, the cornerstone of the laws regulating armed conflict today. The aim of the meeting was to provide a forum for international prosecutors to reflect on lessons learned and to consider future developments involving the law of war, also known as humanitarian law. Over 100 members of the public attended the event.

ASIL events, such as the *International Humanitarian Law Dialogs*, generally deal with one of the Society's seven thematic focal areas: Human Rights and Humanitarian Law, International Institutions, International Law and Development, International Security, Science and Technology, Trade and Investment, and Transnational Litigation and Arbitration.

ASIL is a nonprofit, nonpartisan, educational membership organization. It was founded in 1906, chartered by the U.S. Congress in 1950, and has held Category II Consultative Status to the Economic and Social Council of the United Nations since 1993. ASIL's mission is to foster the study of international law and to promote the establishment and maintenance of international relations on the basis of law and justice. The Society's 4,000 members (from nearly 100 countries) comprise attorneys, academics, corporate counsel, judges, representatives of governments and nongovernmental organizations, international civil servants, students, and others interested in international law. ASIL provides a forum for discussion of current international legal issues but does not as an organization generally take positions on issues. The Chautauqua Declaration reflects the views of its signatories and not necessarily those of the Society. For more information, visit [www.asil.org](http://www.asil.org).